

<b>Title of Report:</b>	West Berkshire Joint Strategic Needs Assessment
<b>Report to be considered by:</b>	The Health and Wellbeing Board
<b>Date of Meeting:</b>	27 March 2014

**Purpose of Report:**

The Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) allows local authorities to provide information and data on the current picture of health and well being in West Berkshire. The Health and Wellbeing Board can use the JSNA to agree priorities to inform the Health and Wellbeing Strategy.

**Recommended Action:**

Approval by Board

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# Executive Report

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## Aims of the JSNA

- Provides an analysis of data to show the health status of different groups
- Identifies any health inequalities
- Highlights any unmet needs
- Indicates recommendations
- Acts as a useful tool for commissioning

## JSNA Process

- Berkshire Shared Team review datasets that form the basis of JSNA chapters
- West Berkshire Public Health team obtain data from the Berkshire Shared Team
- West Berkshire Public Health team liaise with information team within the council
- West Berkshire Public Health team involve people from adult social care, children's services, road safety and other local authority departments in the writing of the relevant JSNA sections

## Information included within the JSNA

- The structure of the JSNA is similar to the chapters identified within the Public Health Strategy for England, Healthy Lives, Healthy People; Starting Well, Developing Well, Living Well and Ageing well. The JSNA incorporates information on health and social issues and the broader determinants of health.

### Starting well

- The Starting Well chapter is about giving children a healthy start in life and laying the groundwork for good health and wellbeing throughout life. The information within this chapter focuses on pregnancy and maternal health, smoking in pregnancy, antenatal and newborn screening, breastfeeding, infant mortality, birth weight, immunisations and vaccinations, foundation stage attainment and child development.

### Developing well

- The developing well is a chapter about children and young people and what affects their health. Data includes information on road accidents, childhood obesity, oral health, immunisations and vaccinations, smoking, drug and alcohol use, teenage pregnancy, sexual health (including Chlamydia screening, Children that are Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET), Looked After Children, child and adolescent mental health, children in need, school life and youth offending.

### Living Well

- The Living Well chapter contains information about general health and wellbeing, and lifestyles. Many premature deaths and illness could be avoided by improving lifestyles. Data includes information on smoking, adult obesity, drug misuse, alcohol, sexual health, circulatory disease (including cardiovascular disease and coronary heart disease), diabetes, cancer, respiratory disease (includes asthma and COPD), communicable disease (tuberculosis, hepatitis B&C, sexual health), screening (including cervical, breast, bowel and diabetic retinal screening), NHS health checks, mental health, residential and nursing care home provision and access to social care/personalisation.

### Ageing Well

- The Ageing Well chapter contains information about the health of people aged 65 and over. West Berkshire has an increasing older population and is important for this age group to stay active and well so they can remain independent in their homes for as long as

possible. Data includes information on independence in old age, excess winter deaths, seasonal flu, falls and mobility, mental health in old age (including information on dementia and depression), transport accessibility for older people, residential and nursing care home provision, access to social care/personalisation, preventable sight loss (including information on age related macular degeneration, glaucoma, diabetic eye disease and sight loss certifications) and end of life care.

#### **Wider determinants and vulnerable groups**

- There are wider range of factors that shape the health and wellbeing of individuals, families and local communities such as education, employment and the environment. Data includes information on the wider determinants of health; deprivation, crime and disorder (including domestic abuse), environment, transport, housing and homeless and employment and income. Within this chapter is information about the following vulnerable groups; children in poverty, carers (including young carers), adults with a learning disability, adults with autism, physical disability and sensory impairment and offenders. This chapter contains information about delayed transfers of care and safeguarding.

#### **Demography**

- The demographic chapter provides a brief overview of West Berkshire, covering information about the population, births, deaths and life expectancy, ethnicity and, religion and belief.

### **Accessing the JSNA on the West Berkshire Council website**

The JSNA link is [www.westberks.gov.uk/JSNA](http://www.westberks.gov.uk/JSNA)

Currently all chapters are on the website in PDF format and there are links between various chapters that can be followed. A more interactive JSNA will be available as part of the new council website when it is launched later in the Spring.

### **Next steps**

The redesigned JSNA will be a new style web based version for 2013/14 and beyond. It has been developed using a phased approach.

Phase 1: Develop a web based JSNA which tells the local story with updated data and newly created ward profiles.

Phase 2: Further develop the web based JSNA by identify gaps in the JSNA sections, reviewing the availability of new information, refreshing data sets as new data is released.

Phase Three: Build on other local information/data to provide details of health and wellbeing inequalities.

Phase Four: Review whole web based JSNA and refresh data and content.

The ability of the relevant council staff to update and review sections of the JSNA will mean that the whole entity will reflect the most up to date picture of the health and wellbeing needs of local residents at any one point in time.

The use of the local ward profiles will enable councillors, officers, health professionals, the third sector and residents to compare and contrast different wards within the district to help identify gaps and inequalities in health that can be addressed through redesign of health and social care services.

## **Appendices**

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There are no Appendices to this report.